

Please revise the claims as follows:

--1. (canceled)

2. (previously presented) The method of claim 17, wherein the animal is a primate.

3.-8. (canceled)

9. (previously presented) The method of claim 17, wherein the animal is a human.

10.-13. (canceled)

14. (withdrawn) A phosphorylated protein fragment in a form isolated from other proteins having a size greater than 100 kDa, wherein the protein is between 20 and 80 kDa in size and is selected from the group consisting of a fragment of phosphorylated SEQ. ID NO. 1 in a form in which at least a tyrosine of SEQ. ID NO. 1 has been phosphorylated and a fragment of phosphorylated SEQ. ID NO. 2 in a form in which at least a tyrosine of SEQ. ID NO. 2 has been phosphorylated.

15. (withdrawn) An antibody capable of binding to at least two of the claim 1 proteins, at least one of which is not phosphorylated, and at least one of which is phosphorylated.

16. (withdrawn) A kit for monitoring whether an animal is experiencing a disease and/or adverse condition involving smooth muscle cell abnormalities, the kit comprising a claim 15 antibody.

17. (currently amended) A method of monitoring whether an animal that has received a transplanted kidney is experiencing kidney transplant rejection, the method comprising:

analyzing a sample of the kidney of the animal for the presence of a marker protein selected from the group consisting of:

(a) phosphorylated protein which is SEQ. ID NO. 1 in a form comprising phosphorylated tyrosine; and

(b) protein which is SEQ. ID NO. 1;

wherein the analyzing comprises:

contacting the sample or a homogenate thereof with a labeled antibody capable of binding to the marker protein in the sample, or to a fragment of the phosphorylated marker protein in the homogenate that is between 20 and 80 kDa in size;

detecting the extent to which labeled antibody becomes bound to the marker protein or said fragment of the phosphorylated marker protein as a result thereof; and

either:

(i) comparing the amount of marker protein bound to the labeled antibody to a known standard to diagnose whether the animal is experiencing kidney transplant rejection, whereby the method is conducted such that if no such marker protein is thereby detected in the sample, or if the amount of marker protein thereby detected in the sample is below a known standard level, such a result would be indicative of kidney transplant rejection; or

(ii) comparing the amount of said fragment of the phosphorylated marker protein bound to the labeled antibody to a known standard to diagnose whether the animal is experiencing kidney transplant rejection, whereby the method is conducted such that if no such fragment of the phosphorylated marker protein bound to the labeled antibody is thereby detected, or if the amount of such fragment of the phosphorylated marker protein bound to the labeled antibody thereby detected is below a known standard level, such a result would be indicative of kidney transplant rejection.--